The Standard for Bare Ground Weed Control.
When it comes to keeping railways, roadways and utility grounds manageable and weed-free, Payload® Herbicide succeeds. Payload Herbicide delivers long-lasting, broad-spectrum control and even halts herbicide-resistant weeds. And, the proven mode of action in Payload Herbicide stops tough weeds like kochia, pigweeds, Russian thistle and more than 100 other bareground weeds.

SUPERIOR PERFORMANCE
- Pre-emergence, broadleaf and grass herbicide for bare ground uses
- Controls weeds resistant to glyphosate, triazine, ALS and synthetic auxin herbicides
- Low use rates (ounces vs. pounds) = easy to use and store
- Excellent tank mix partner and backbone of a strong weed resistance management program

EPA REG. NO. 59639-120
ACTIVE INGR. flumioxazin (51%)
FORMULATION water-dispersible granule
CHEM. FAMILY dicarboximide herbicide
GROUP NO. 14
MODE OF ACT. protoporphyrinogen oxidase (PPO) inhibitor
SIGNAL WORD caution
RESTRICTED no
PACKAGE SIZE 2 x 12 lb bag, 25 lb bag
KEY USES
Non-crop areas where bare ground is desired (airports, brickyards, farm buildings, fence rows, gravel shoulders, guard rails, improved roadside areas, industrial plant sites, lumber yards, military installations, parking, pipelines, plant sites, pumping stations, railroad beds, railroad yards, shelter belts, storage, substations, tank farms, ungrazed wind breaks)

KEY WEEDS CONTROLLED
(See product label for complete list)
Alyssum, hoary
Amaranth; palmer, spiny
Barnyardgrass*
Foxtail; giant*, green*, yellow*
Geranium, Carolina
Goosegrass*
Henbit
Kochia
Lambquarters, common
Morningglory, entireleaf
Pigweed; prostrate, redroot, smooth, tumble
Pineapple-weed*
Puncturevine
Ragweed; common, giant
Sesbania, hemp
Sowthistle, annual
Spurge, prostrate
Thistle; Canada*, Russian
Waterhemp; common, tall

*Pre-emergence control only

USE SUMMARY
Any weed population may contain or develop plants naturally resistant to herbicides in various mode of action classes. Appropriate resistance management strategies should be followed. To delay herbicide resistance:
- Payload® Herbicide use should be based on an Integrated Pest Management (IPM) program that includes scouting, record keeping and consideration of cultivation practices, water management and other chemical or cultural control practices
- Monitor treated weed population for resistance development and report suspected resistance

APPLICATION RATE USE INSTRUCTIONS
8-12 oz/A
Payload Herbicide can be applied as a tank-mix with other bareground herbicides for broader spectrum or perennial weed control.
Payload Herbicide can be applied with glyphosate or other translocating herbicides where weeds are greater than 2 inches in height or when more post-emergence activity is needed. Treated weeds show herbicide symptoms within 24 hours.

See label for complete directions for use.

PAYLOAD HERBICIDE = LONG-LASTING WEED CONTROL
The Payload Herbicide program is the standard for controlling Russian thistle and a broad spectrum of other weeds. Applied in April, the chart demonstrates the longest residual control. Kennewick, WA railroad.

% BAREGROUND (RUSSIAN THISTLE)

PAYLOAD® HERBICIDE + SFM + GLYPHOSATE + 2,4-D
CROSSING® + SFM + GLYPHOSATE + 2,4-D
The Payload Herbicide program delivers outstanding control for railroad applications. Wichersham, WA – September, four months after application.